## VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS), HYDERABAD

Accredited by NAAC with A++ Grade

## B.E. (E.C.E.) IV-Semester Advanced Supplementary Examinations, Aug./Sept.-2023 Probability Theory and Stochastic Process

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

Note: Answer all questions from Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B

Part-A  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ 

Q. No.	Stem of the question	M	L	СО	PO/PSO
1.	What are mutually exclusive events? Give an example. How it is different from independent events?	2	1	1	1/2
2.	A problem in statistics is given to 3 students A, B, C whose chances of solving it are $\frac{1}{2}$ , $\frac{3}{4}$ , and $\frac{1}{4}$ respectively. Find the probability that the problem is solved?	2	2	1	2/2
3.	Let X be a random variable. Describe the significance of the following with an example.	2	1	2	1,2/2
	(i) Standard deviation of X (ii) Skew of X				
4.	In a control system, a random voltage X is known to have a mean value of -2 Volts and average power of 9Watts. If the voltage is amplified by an amplifier that gives an output Y=1.5X+2, find the mean and variance of Y.	2	2	2	1,2/2
5.	Let X be the information signal voltage and Y be the noise voltage at the same instant of time. The receiver receives a signal X+Y. What is the joint density function of X and Y?	2	1	3	1,2
6.	The joint pdf of two random variables X and Y is $f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \frac{1}{18}e^{-(\frac{x}{6}+\frac{y}{3})}, x \ge 0.$ Y $\ge 0$ . Evaluate the marginal density functions of X and Y.	2	3	3	2
7.	Distinguish continuous random process and discrete random process with an example.	2	1	4	1,2/2
8.	For a stationary ergodic process with periodic components, the autocorrelation function is given by $R_{XX}(\tau)=36+\frac{4}{1+5\tau^2}$ . Find the average power and AC power of the random process.	2	2	4	2,4/2
9.	Define white noise and sketch the PSD and autocorrelation of white noise.	2	3	5	1,12/2
10.	A discrete memory less source with source alphabets S <sub>0</sub> , S <sub>1</sub> , S <sub>2</sub> , and S <sub>3</sub> have probabilities 0.25, 0.5, 0.125, and 0.125, respectively. Find the entropy of a discrete memory less source.	2	2	5	2/2

	Part-B (5 $\times$ 8 = 40 Marks)					-
11. a)	Two marbles are drawn in succession from a box containing 10 red, 30 white, 20 blue and 15 orange marbles with replacement being made after each drawing. Find the probability that.	4	2	1	2/2	
	<ul><li>(a) Both are white.</li><li>(b) First is red and second is white.</li><li>(c) Neither is orange.</li><li>(d) Solve the problem with no replacement being done after each drawing.</li></ul>					
b)	If a fair coin is tossed 10 times, find the probability of getting	4	2	1	2/2	-
ŕ	(i) Exactly 6 heads (ii) At least 6 heads (iii) At most 6 heads					
12. a)	List the properties of distribution function and density function of a random variable X.	4	1	2	1/2	
b)	A production line manufactures $1K\Omega$ resistors that must satisfy 10% tolerance.	4	3	2	2/2	The second of th
	<ul> <li>(a) If a resistor is described by the Gaussian random variable X, for which mean is 1000Ω and standard deviation is 40Ω, what fraction of the resistors is expected to be rejected?</li> <li>(b) If a machine is not properly adjusted, the product resistances change to a new value where mean is 1050Ω. What fraction is now rejected?</li> </ul>					The second secon
13. a)	The joint pdf of $(X,Y)$ is given by $f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} Ke^{-(x+y)}, & x > 0, y > 0 \\ & 0, & otherwise \end{cases}$ Where K is a constant. Find K and determine the following.	4	2	3	2	and the contract of the contra
b)	(i) $P(X>1, Y<1)$ (ii) $P(X (iii) P(X\le2)Find the expectation of (i) XY (ii) X^2Y (iii) XY^2 (iv) (XY)^2. If the joint pdf of (X,Y) is given by f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{100}, & 0 < x < 5, 0 < y < 20\\ 0, & otherwise \end{cases}$	4	3	3	2	The same of the sa
14. a)		4	4	4	2,4,12/2	Commander of the Comman
b)	If a random process $X(t)$ = A coswt + B sinwt where A, B are uncorrelated, zero mean random variables having variance $\sigma^2$ . Examine whether $X(t)$ is a wide sense stationary random process or not?	4	3	4	2,4/2	
15. a)	Two independent stationary random process $X(t)$ and $Y(t)$ have power spectrum densities $S_{XX}(w) = \frac{16}{w^2 + 16}$ and $S_{YY}(w) = \frac{w^2}{w^2 + 16}$ , respectively. Also, $X(t)$ and $Y(t)$ are uncorrelated with zero mean value. Let another random process be $Z(t) = X(t) + Y(t)$ . Find  (i) Power spectral density of $Z(t)$ (ii) Cross power density spectrum of $X(t)$ and $Z(t)$	4	2	5	2/2	

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	A communication receiver is designed with following specifications to receive signals in 5MHz band: RF amplifier: Te=20 <sup>o</sup> K, Gain=23dB; LNA: Noise figure= 6dB, Gain: 20dB; Mixer IF amplifier: Noise figure: 12dB, gain=40dB. Estimate the following:		. 3	5	2,4/2
	(i) Effective noise temperature of the receiver (ii) Noise figure of the receiver (iii) Gain of the receiver				
16. a	of the character is shown below. Find the probability of	4	2	1	2/2
	(i) $A_1$ (ii) $A_2$ (iii) $P(B_1/A_1)$ (iv) $P(B_2/A_2)$ (v) $P(B_1/A_2)$ (vi) $P(B_2/A_1)$				and I dead
	$B_1 \bigcirc P(A_1/B_1) \bigcirc A_1$				
	$P(B_1) = 0.6$ $0.1$ $P(A_1 B_1)$ $P(A_1 B_2)$				
	$P(B_2) = 0.4$ $0.9$ $P(A_2/B_2)$				
b)	At a major League Baseball park, five customers arrive at a concession stand on average in a ten – minute period.	4	3	2	2/2
	<ul> <li>(i) What is the probability that in a ten – minute period exactly three people will arrive at the concession stand?</li> <li>(ii) Find the probability of exactly 3 customers arriving in 20 minutes?</li> </ul>				
	minutes?  (iii) Find the probability of 3 or fewer customers arriving in 20				
	minutes?  (iv) Find the probability of more than 3 customers arriving in 20 minutes?				
7.	Answer any <i>two</i> of the following:				
a)	Two random variables X and Y have mean values 1, 2 respectively and variances 4 and 1 respectively. Their correlation coefficient is 0.4. New random variables W and V are defined by V = -X +2Y; W = X+3Y. Find the correlation coefficient between V and W.	4	2	3	2
b)	Classify the random process and give example for each.	4	4	4	1,12/2
c)	Define the following terms:	4	1	5	
	(i) Signal to noise ratio (ii) Noise figure		1	5	1,12/2
	(iii) Power spectral density (iv) Thermal noise				

M: Marks; L: Bloom's Taxonomy Level; CO; Course Outcome; PO: Programme Outcome

-1 20%
-2 40%
-3 & 4 40%